U-Visas and T-Visas: Immigration Relief for Victims of Qualifying Crimes



November 30, 2022

Training Presented by Zoraida Arias, U-Visa/T-Visa Program Manager King County Sheriff's Office

Adapted from material developed and produced by:

The KCSO cannot provide legal advice. The material presented is intended for general educational purposes only. Information has been adapted from USCIS, Blue Campaign, Washington State Criminal Justice Training Commission, and NIWAP. Please consult your agency's legal advisor for additional guidance and for any questions and concerns regarding your agency's certification process.









Presentation Overview

- ☐ U-Visa and T-Visa Overview and Eligibility
- ☐ U-Visa and T-Visa Certifications Overview
- ☐ Washington State Requirements for Certifying Agencies
- ☐ KCSO U-Visa/T-Visa Program and Best Practices
- ☐ Helpful Resources





U-Visa/T-Visa Overview and Eligibility





What is the U-Visa/T-Visa?

Promoting Victim-Centered Approach

- ☐ U-Visas and T-Visas were created in October 2000.
- ☐ The U-Visa and T-Visa are two forms of immigration relief intended to help law enforcement agencies to better serve immigrant victims of crimes by facilitating the reporting of crimes.
- ☐ Immigrants, especially women and children, can be particularly vulnerable to criminal activity due to a variety of factors.

Immigrant Victims Often

Distrust law enforcement and fear arrest and deportation.

Fear for themselves and family members.

Worry about immediate needs (food, shelter, family); have medical needs, including psychological support.

Lack of understanding of the U-Visa process and U.S. laws.

May face language and cultural barriers.



Community Policing — Victim Centered Approach

Safety Tools

U-Visas and T-Visas are safety tools *designed to offer protection to victims of qualifying crimes* and *strengthen* the ability of law enforcement agencies to detect, investigate and prosecute cases of domestic violence, sexual assault, human trafficking and other crimes.

Promoting a Victim-Centered Approach

- ☐ Focuses on the needs and concerns of the victim.
- ☐ Increases community safety and offers protection to immigrant victims.
- ☐ Builds trust between immigrant communities and law enforcement.
- ☐ Encourages victims to report crimes committed against them.
- ☐ Promotes cooperation between law enforcement and victim.

Resources: https://www.dhs.gov/blue-campaign/law-enforcement



What Benefits does the U-Visa/T-Visa Provide?

U-Visa/T-Visa Benefits

Temporary immigration relief for up to 4 years for principal applicants and qualifying family members

Employment authorization (work permit)

Access to certain federal benefits and services.

Apply for lawful permanent residency – Green Card – if eligible.

Benefits:

- ☐ Services Available to Victims of Human Trafficking
- ☐ Green Card for a Victim of a Crime (U Nonimmigrant)
- ☐ Green Card for a Victim of Trafficking (T Nonimmigrant)



U-Visa Overview and Eligibility

- ☐ The U nonimmigrant status visa (U-Visa) is for *victims of certain crimes who are helpful to law enforcement or government officials in the investigation or prosecution of criminal activity.*
- ☐ A person may qualify for a U-Visa if they:
- **→** Were the victim of a qualifying criminal activity that occurred in the U.S. or violated U.S. laws.
 - ☐ Suffered substantial physical or mental abuse as a result of the activity.
- Are helpful, were helpful, or are likely to be helpful to law enforcement in the investigation or prosecution of the criminal activity.
- The crime occurred in the United States or violated U.S. laws.
 - Are are admissible to the United States. If person is not admissible, they may apply for a waiver on a Form I-192, Application for Advance Permission to Enter as a Nonimmigrant.



U-Visa Qualifying Crimes

- Abduction
- Abusive Sexual Contact
- Blackmail
- Domestic Violence
- Extortion
- False Imprisonment
- Female Genital Mutilation
- Felonious Assault
- Fraud in Foreign Labor Contracting

- Hostage
- Incest
- Involuntary Servitude
- Kidnapping
- Manslaughter
- Murder
- Obstruction of Justice
- Peonage
- Perjury
- Prostitution
- Rape

Sexual Assault

- Sexual Exploitation
- Slave Trade
- Stalking
- Torture
- Trafficking
- Witness Tampering
- Unlawful Criminal Restraint
- Other Related Crimes*†
- *Includes any similar activity where the elements of the crime are substantially similar. †Also includes attempt,
- †Also includes attempt, conspiracy, or solicitation to commit any of the above and other related crimes.



Source: https://www.uscis.gov/humanitarian/victims-human-trafficking-and-other-crimes

T-Visa Overview

- ☐ T nonimmigrant status (T-Visa) is a temporary immigration benefit that enables certain victims of a severe form of human trafficking to remain in the United States for up to 4 years if they have assisted law enforcement in an investigation or prosecution of human trafficking.
- ☐ Under federal law, a "severe form of trafficking" is:
 - Sex trafficking: When someone recruits, harbors, transports, provides, solicits, patronizes, or obtains a person for the purpose of a commercial sex act, where the commercial sex act is induced by force, fraud, or coercion, or the person being induced to perform such act is under 18 years of age; or
 - ☐ Labor trafficking: When someone recruits, harbors, transports, provides, or obtains a person for labor or services through the use of force, fraud, or coercion for the purpose of involuntary servitude, peonage, debt bondage, or slavery.
- ☐ Only 5,000 T-Visas approved per year. Annual cap has never been reached.
- ☐ Time from initial filing to waitlist determination is 15.5-31.5 months (September 2019)



T-Visa Eligibility

A person may be eligible for T nonimmigrant status (T-Visa) if: Are or were a victim of a severe form of human trafficking. Are in the United States, American Samoa, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, or at a port of entry due to trafficking. Comply with any reasonable request from a law enforcement agency for assistance in the investigation or prosecution of human trafficking (unless victim is under the age of 18 or is unable to cooperate due to physical or psychological trauma. In either case, person may not need to show that they complied with reasonable requests from law enforcement). Demonstrate that they would suffer extreme hardship involving unusual and severe harm if they were removed from the United States. Are admissible to the United States.



Qualifying Family Members

Family members may be eligible for a **derivative U-Visa** and **T-Visa** based on their relationship to the primary applicant. The principal petitioner must have their U-Visa petition approved **before** their family members can be eligible for their own derivative U-Visa.

If you, the principal, are	Then you may petition on behalf of
Under 21 years of age	U-Visa/T-Visa: Spouse, unmarried children, parents, and unmarried siblings under 18.
21 years of age or older	U-Visa/T-Visa: Spouse, unmarried children under 21.
*T-Visa: If family members are in present danger of retaliation as a result of principal applicant's escape from trafficking or cooperation with law enforcement.	T-Visa: Parents, siblings, children of any age or marital status of qualifying family members who have been granted derivative T-Visa, niece or nephew.



Examples of Reporting a Crime and Helpfulness

Applicant <u>has been, is being, or is likely to be helpful</u> with the detection, investigation, prosecution, conviction or sentencing of the crime.

- □ Calling 911 to report a crime.
- ☐ Filing a police report, follow-up report.
- ☐ Providing a witness statement.
- ☐ Filling out a domestic violence supplemental form, medical release form.
- □ Victim or victim's parent's allowed officers to take photographs of victim's injuries and/or provide a witness statement.
- □ Victim's parent's (indirect victims) reported the crime and assisted with the investigation by providing important information, taking the child to their interview.



Exceptions to Helpfulness

T-Visa Exceptions

Unless you are under the age of 18 or you are unable to cooperate due to physical or psychological trauma. In either case, you may not need to show that you complied with reasonable requests from law enforcement.

U-Visa Exceptions

- ☐ Victim may not **unreasonably** refuse to cooperate with reasonable request from law enforcement and prosecutors.
- A parent, guardian, or next friend may provide the required assistance if victim is under 16 or incapacitated or incompetent and therefore unable to be helpful in the investigation.



U-Visa and T-Visa Certifications and Washington State Requirements for Certifying Agencies









The Importance of U-Visa/T-Visa Certification

What is a U-Visa certification?

- Form I-918B is a required piece of evidence to confirm to USCIS that a qualifying crime has occurred and that the victim was helpful, is being helpful, or is likely to be helpful in the investigation or prosecution of criminal activity.
- Law enforcement agencies assist USCIS by providing certifications on behalf of petitioners seeking U nonimmigrant status. The certification is meant to be a tool for law enforcement agencies to use as part of a victim-centered approach to better serve victims of crimes.

Why do applications need to be certified?

- U-Visa: I-918 Supplement B certification is **required evidence** for the U-Visa, and USCIS cannot process the victim's case without it.
- ☐ T-Visa: I-914 Supplement B certification is **not required evidence** but is useful for the application.
- NOTE: Certifying agencies can provide the declaration or certification even if there is no arrest, no charges filed, no formal investigation, no prosecution, no conviction, or even if the case is closed. You can provide a declaration or certification for cases that occurred months or years ago, as long as the victim was working with you.



Source: https://www.uscis.gov/sites/default/files/document/guides/U Visa Law Enforcement Resource Guide.pdf

Types of Requests

Direct Victim

- The person against whom the crime was perpetrated and who has suffered **direct and proximate harm** as a result of the commission of qualifying criminal activity.
- **Bystanders** who suffer an unusually direct injury as a result of a qualifying crime may also qualify.

Indirect Victim

- ☐ The person must have a qualifying family relationship to the direct victim.
- ☐ The direct victim is unable to assist law enforcement because they are:
 - ☐ Deceased due to murder or manslaughter; or incompetent or incapacitated, including due to injury, trauma, or age.
 - ☐ Indirect victim must meet all other eligibility requirements for U nonimmigrant status.

Re-certifications

- ☐ U-Visa certifications expire 6 months after signature. T-Visa certifications do not expire.
- ☐ When applying for permanent residency (green card).



Law Enforcement Agency Responsibility

- Only USCIS has the authority to grant or deny a person's U-Visa or T-Visa application. The declaration and certification form alone does not grant any immigration benefit or legal status in the U.S. It is only one piece of evidence USCIS reviews before making a decision on an application.
- U-Visa and T-Visa applicants may ask law enforcement agencies to complete the I-918B and I-914B certification forms. The certifications give USCIS **basic information about the criminal activity** perpetrated against the victim and the victim's willingness to assist in the detection, investigation, prosecution, conviction, or sentencing.

NOTE: ***Submitting and receiving a U-Visa/T-Visa certification does not mean that you have submitted the entire petition. Obtaining the signed U-Visa certification is the first step in the process for submitting a U-Visa petition. ***



Law Enforcement Agency Responsibility Cont.

☐ The term "investigation or prosecution" encompasses all stages of the judicial process: detection, investigation, prosecution, conviction, and sentencing. ☐ Law enforcement is **not responsible** for determining whether the applicant **is physically** present in the United States on account of trafficking.*Victim may still request this. ☐ Law enforcement is **not responsible** for determining if the applicant would **experience** extreme hardship. ☐ Agency may still certify even if victim has not responded to reasonable requests for assistance. ☐ Helping in the detection of trafficking by reporting the victimization is sufficient to satisfy the requirement to assist law enforcement. ☐ Law enforcement is **not responsible** for making admissibility determination. ☐ T-Visa certifications **do not expire**. *Victim may still request re-certification. Agencies may certify if the victim assisted in the LEA's detection, investigation or prosecution of acts of trafficking, regardless of where the victimization occurred.

Source: https://www.uscis.gov/sites/default/files/document/guides/T-Visa-Law-Enforcement-Resource-Guide.pdf

Certifying Agencies

Which agencies can sign the U and T-Visa certifications?

Federal, state, local, or tribal law enforcement agencies; prosecutors and judges; and other agencies that have jurisdiction to detect, investigate, or prosecute in their respective areas of expertise.

Where can I find my certifying agency and/or certifying official?

☐ Office of Crime Victims Advocacy (OCVA) WA Certifying Agency Database: https://c0dcw419.caspio.com/dp/368a70001eb7d95e0cc24297a7af

Where can I learn more about certifying agency requirements in WA?

☐ For additional information, please visit review Chapter 7.98 RCW at: https://app.leg.wa.gov/RCW/default.aspx?cite=7.98&full=true



Office of Crime Victim Advocacy Certifying Agency Database





Source: https://c0dcw419.caspio.com/dp/368a70001eb7d95e0cc24297a7af

RCW 7.98.020 Safety and Access for Immigrant Victims Act

- ☐ RCW 7.98 states that agencies are required to make a determination and complete certifications.
- ☐ Law enforcement agencies and other entities are required to process U-Visa/T-Visa certifications within 90 days of the request.
- ☐ If the victim is in federal immigration removal proceedings or if the victim or victim's children are in danger of turning age 21 during the review process, the request must be completed within 14 days.
- ☐ Provide outreach to victims of criminal activity and trafficking to inform them of the agency's certification process.
- All certifying agencies shall **develop a language access protocol** for limited English proficient and deaf or hard of hearing victims of criminal activity.





USCIS

	Homeland Security Form 1-918 OMB No. 1615-6104	ecur in the United States ditional information you would lik	
	Homeland Security OMB No. 1615-0104 d Immigration Services Expires 06/30/2023	and military installations) or the (the United States?	
		Yes No	in Part 2, or I am the person by designated by the head of
	Remarks		grant Status Certification on
For USCIS		ere did the criminal activity	investigation of the facts, I that the individual identified in
Use			or more of the crimes listed in
Only			nformation is complete, true,
		iolate a Federal extraterritorial	wledge, and that I have made fing the above victim's ability
➤ START HERE - Type or print in black or blue ink.		Yex No	ship and Immigration Services
Part 1. Victim Information	Name of Head of Certifying Agency	wide the statutory citation	ation. I further certify that if a assist in the investigation or
1. Alien Registration Number (A-Number) (if any)	4.a. Family Name (Last Name)	extratemitorial jurisdiction.	ninal activity of which he or
▶ A-	4.h. Given Name		IS.
2.a. Family Name	(First Name)		icial (sign in ink)
(Last Name)	4.e. Middle Name	al activity being investigated	
2.b. Given Name (First Name)	Agency Address	involvement of the petitioner	(000)
2.c. Middle Name		opies of all relevant reports and	-
Other Names Used (Include maiden names, nicknames, and	5.a. Street Number and Name		-
aliases, if applicable.)	5.h. Apt. Ste. Fir.		
If you need extra space to provide additional names, use the space provided in Part 7. Additional Information.	S.c. City or Town		
3.a. Family Name (Last Name)	5.d. State v 5.f. ZIP Code		
3.b. Given Name (First Name)	5.g. Province		
3.e. Middle Name	5.la. Postal Code		
4. Date of Birth (mm/dd/yyyy)	5.1 Country		
5. Gender Male Female			
	Other Agency Information		
Part 2. Agency Information	6. Agency Type		
Name of Certifying Agency	Federal State Local	y known or documented injury	
	7. Case Status	as of all relevant reports and	
Name of Certifying Official	On-going Completed		
2.a. Family Name	Other		
(Last Name)	8. Certifying Agency Category		
2.b. Given Name (First Name)	☐ Judge ☐ Law Enforcement ☐ Prosecutor		
2.e. Middle Name	Other	77 772	
3. Title and Division/Office of Certifying Official	9. Case Number		sa Certif
	10. FBI Number or SID Number (if applicable)	F 0405	

fication I-918B — Supplement B



Supplement B, Delaration of Law Enforcement Officer for Victim of Trafficking in Persons

USCIS

	Department of Homeland Security	Form I-914 OMB No. 1615-0099	
Vie	U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services	Expires 12/31/2023	
STA	RT HERE - Type or print in ink. This form should be completed by Federal, state,		
local	or tribal law enforcement agencies for victims under the Victims of Trafficking and	For USCIS Use Only	
	ence Protection Act (VTVPA), Public Law 106-386, as amended. RT 1. Victim Information	Returned Receipt	
		Date	
1.	Full Legal Name Family Name (Last Name) Given Name (Fint Name) Middle Name (if any)	Date	
	Parity Point (Lan Parite) (1900 Parite (1900 Parite) (1900)	Resubmitted	
2.	Other Names Used	Date	
2.		Date	1
	Provide any other names you have used since birth, including aliases, maiden names, and nicknames. If you need extra space to complete this section, use the space	Reloc Sent	
	provided in Part 9. Additional Information.	Date	or she is a victim of: (Select all pecific violations charged, the
	Family Name (Last Name) Given Name (First Name) Middle Name (if any)	Date	Note that the definitions that
		Reloc Rec'd	4.11(a).)
		Date	rafficking means the
3.	Date of Birth (dd/mm/yyyy) 4. Gender or Sex	Date	son for the purpose of a
	Male Female Other	Remarks	
5.	Alien Registration Number (A-Number) (if any)	Remarks	wices through the use of force,
	► A-		
	U.S. Social Security Number (SSN) (if any)		
٥.	Social Security Number (SSN) (II arry)		tween that victimization and ed in the investigation of the
			heets, if necessary.
Par	rt 2. Agency Information		
1.	Name of Certifying Agency		
2.	Name of Certifying Official		
3.	Title of Certifying Official		
			If yes, explain. Attach
4.	Division/Office of Certifying Official		
5.	Agency Mailing Address	ALSPE ZIP Code Lookus;	
	Street Number and Name	Apt. Ste. Flr. Number	
	City or Town	State ZIP Code	
		-	
6.	Daytime Telephone Number 7. Fax Number		
_			
Form	I-914, Supplement B. Edition. 12/02/21	Page 1	

Pate (constitutions)
Date (mm/dd/yyyy)
were investigated or prosecuted.
se of trafficking. (If you select
me of trafficking. (If you select
table -
licking.
king to the United States?
Attach additional sheets if

T-Visa Certification I-914B – Supplement B

is or has been a victim of a ue and correct to the best of obtain a visa from U.S. victim refuses to comply with he/she is a victim, I will notify nature (mm/dd/yyyy) ature (mm/dd/yyyy)



KCSO U-Visa/T-Visa Program and Best Practices



KCSO Practices and Outreach Work

KCSO Practices

Designate a certifying official(s).

Designate staff member to review and process certification requests.

Expanded U-Visa/T-Visa Program services.

Train all department members on U-Visas.

Develop a language access plan to ensure equitable services for limited English proficient, deaf, and hard of hearing communities.

Adopt agency policy to ensure compliance with legal processes and timelines for reviewing, certifying, or declining all U-Visa/T-Visa certifications requests.

Develop agency-specific resources on U-Visas/T-Visas.

Engage in outreach with local, state and national agencies and groups, advocates, community members, and service providers (e.g. community information sessions).

Retain records and report data annually.



KCSO U-Visa/T-Visa Program

U-Visa/T-Visa Program Services

Process U-Visa and T-Visa certification requests for survivors of qualifying crimes who reported the incident to the King County Sheriff's Office.

Intake services for survivors who would like to submit a U-Visa/T-Visa certification request while they seek legal representation.

Refer survivors to service providers as well as agencies that provide legal representation on U-Visa/T-Visa immigration matters.

Refer service providers and survivors to KCSO services when requested.

Provide resources on domestic violence, sexual assault, human trafficking, hate crimes, and other qualifying crimes.

Provide outreach and education to the community and members of the King County Sheriff's Office regarding U-Visa/T-Visa certifications.



Materials Required for Certification

Materials KCSO Requires to Process Certification Request:
☐ Complete Supplement B form: I-918B for U-Visa or I-914B for T-Visa.
☐ KCSO U-Visa Intake Form/Checklist: Please fill out items 1-15. The victim's full name
and case number is important.*
For Advocates, Attorneys, Victims:
☐ Use the most updated version of the Supplement B form. This can be found at
https://www.uscis.gov/i-918 (U-Visa) or https://www.uscis.gov/i-914 (T-Visa). If you

☐ Please go to the KCSO's U-Visa page and download and fill out the intake form by clicking on "requests".

you can.

are an advocate or attorney, it is helpful when you fill the Supplement B form as best as

Cover letter and copy of incident report and/or follow up report is extremely helpful for faster processing but not necessary as we have access to those documents if the report was made to the KCSO.

KCSO Resources on U-Visa/T-Visas

- ☐ U-Visa and T-Visa Immigration Relief For Victims of Qualifying Crimes Pamphlet (available in 27 languages!)
- ☐ The pamphlet provides general information about the U-Visas and T-Visas and has a list of agencies that provide legal and immigration services for U-Visa/T-Visa applicants.
- Please visit KCSO U-Visa Page for U-Visa information (available in 8 languages): https://www.kingcounty.gov/depts/sheriff/services/u-visa.aspx
- ☐ We can accept mailed or emailed U-Visa and T-Visa requests. However, emailed certification requests with an editable PDF supplement B form are preferred at this time.

Attn: Zoraida Arias U-Visa / T-Visa Program Manager 516 3rd Ave, #W116 Seattle, WA 98104 206-263-3199

kcsouvisa@kingcounty.gov



Helpful Resources





U-VISA/T-VISA ELIGIBILITY You may be eligible for a U-Visa if:

1. You are the victim of qualifying

criminal activity.

- 2. You have suffered substantial physical or mental abuse as a result of having been a victim of criminal activity. 3. You have information about the
- criminal activity. 4. You were helpful, are being helpful, or are likely to be helpful to law enforcement in the investigation or
- prosecution of the crime. 5. The crime occurred in the United States or violated U.S. laws.

You may be eligible for a T-Visa if:

- 1. You are or were a victim of a severe form of human trafficking. 2. You are in the United States.
 - American Samoa, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, or at a port of entry due to trafficking.
 - 3. You comply with any reasonable request from a law enforcement agency for assistance in the investigation or prosecution of human trafficking. 4. You demonstrate that you would suffer extreme hardship involving unusual and severe harm if you were
- removed from the United States. 5. You are admissible to the United States.

QUALIFYING CRIME OR CRIMINAL ACTIVITY? Abduction · Abusive Sexual Contact

- Being Held Hostage • Blackmail • Domestic Violence
- Extortion • False Imprisonment • Felonious Assault • Female Genital Mutilation Fraud in Foreign Labor Contracting

U-VISA: WHAT CONSTITUTES A

- Incest
- Involuntary Servitude • Kidnapping • Manslaughter
- Murder Obstruction of Justice • Peonage
- Periury • Prostitution Rape Sexual Assault
- Sexual Exploitation Slave Trade Stalking • Torture
- Trafficking · Witness Tampering • Unlawful Criminal Restraint
- Qualifying crimes include any similar activity where the nature and elements of the crime are substantially similar to one of the crimes listed. Attempt, conspiracy, or solicitation to commit any of the crimes listed above may also count as a "aualifuina criminal activitu."
- T-VISA: SEVERE FORMS OF **TRAFFICKING**
 - Sex Trafficking Labor Trafficking

NORTHWEST IMMIGRANT RIGHTS PROJECT (NWIRP) (206) 587-4009

FOR LEGAL ASSISTANCE

PLEASE CONTACT

(206) 931-1514

WEST AFRICAN COMMUNITY

OF WASHINGTON (425) 430-8229

- CATHOLIC IMMIGRATION LEGAL SERVICES (206) 328-6314
- ENTRE HERMANOS (206) 322-7700
- INTERNATIONAL RESCUE COMMITTEE (IRC) (206) 623-2105
- REFUGEE WOMEN'S ALLIANCE
- (REWA) (206) 721-0243 COLECTIVA LEGAL DEL PUEBLO

- COUNCIL (206) 636-9882 UKRAINIAN COMMUNITY CENTER
 - King County

Resources for Certifying Agencies

☐ Certifying Agency Annual Reporting Form
https://app.smartsheet.com/b/form/6eeb48457fb048149c9b58c573749038
☐ Office of Crime Victim Advocacy
https://www.commerce.wa.gov/serving-communities/crime-victims-public-safety/office-of-crime-victims-
advocacy/safety-and-access-for-immigrant-victims/
☐ Certifying Agency Database
https://c0dcw419.caspio.com/dp/368a70001eb7d95e0cc24297a7af
☐ RCW 7.98.020 – Safety and Access for Immigrant Crime Victims Act
https://app.leg.wa.gov/RCW/default.aspx?cite=7.98
☐ USCIS U-Visa Law Enforcement Resource Guide
https://www.uscis.gov/sites/default/files/document/guides/U_Visa_Law_Enforcement_Resource_Guide.pdf
☐ USCIS T-Visa Law Enforcement Resource Guide
https://www.uscis.gov/sites/default/files/document/guides/T-Visa-Law-Enforcement-Resource-Guide.pdf
☐ King County – King County Language and Communications Access Site
https://kingcounty.gov/audience/employees/translation-interpretation.aspx
HERIFF



Zoraida Arias
U-Visa / T-Visa Program Manager
Language Access Liaison
KCSO Legal Unit

zarias@kingcounty.gov or 206-263-3199





